



PHOENIX DIVISION

DECEMBER 7, 1787

Delaware OUD and Suicide Statistics

Opioid Use Disorder

- Among people aged 12 and older in 2022 in the United States, 8.9 million people misused opioids in the past year.
- Nationwide in 2021, 106,699 people in the United States died by drug overdose. Of these overdose deaths, 75,437 (70.70%) were due to opioids.
- In 2021, of the 503 drug overdose deaths that occurred in Delaware, 437 (86.88%) were due to opioids.
- Opioids are listed as one of multiple causes of death for 586 deaths, meaning 586 people had opioid-related complications upon their death, though opioids may not have been the underlying cause.

Suicide

- Suicide is the 11th leading cause of death in Delaware. It is the 3rd leading cause of death for young people aged 10-24 and the 3rd leading cause of death for ages 10-44.
- In 2021, 137 people in Delaware died by suicide. This means Delaware lost someone to suicide roughly every 3 days.

Co-Occurring Disorders

- Among adults aged 18 or older in the US in 2022, 21.5 million people had both a mental illness and a substance use disorder.
- Among adults aged 18 or older in 2022, those with a mental illness were more likely than those without to have misused opioids in the past year. Just as a person with a mental illness may be at greater risk for a substance use disorder, substance use can sometimes lead to symptoms of a mental health disorder.
- The combined presence of substance use disorders and mental disorders results in more profound functional impairment; worse treatment outcomes; higher morbidity and mortality; increased treatment costs; and higher risk for homelessness, incarceration, and suicide than if people had only one of these disorders.

References

CDC WONDER Database

All statistics come from the most recently released data (2021) from the CDC as recorded in their WONDER database, Additional opioid dispensing information comes from the CDC's US State Opioid Dispensing Rates.

SAMHSA NSDUH

Information about co-occurring disorders is quoted from SAMHSA's most recent (2022) National Survey on Drug Use and Health.





